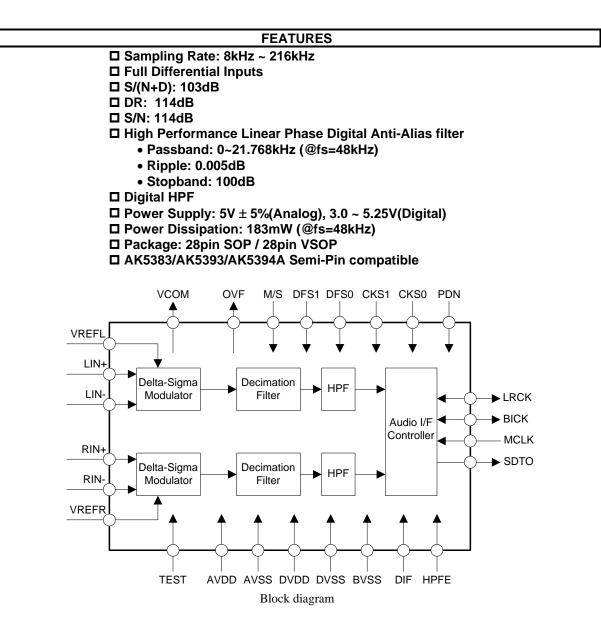
AKM

ΑΚ5385Α 24Bit 192kHz ΔΣ **ΑDC**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

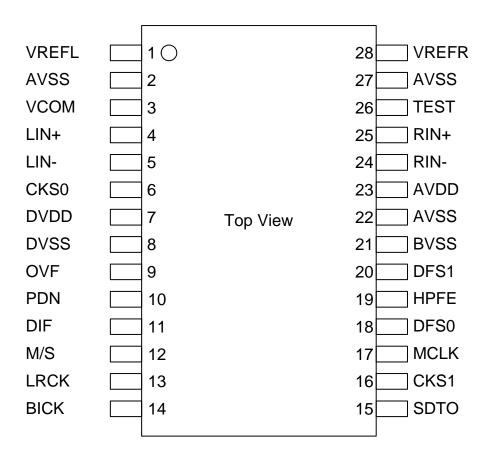
The AK5385A is a 24bit, 192kHz sampling 2ch A/D converter for high-end audio system. The modulator in the AK5385A uses the Enhanced Dual Bit architecture and the AK5385A realizes high accuracy and low cost. The AK5385A performs 114dB dynamic range, so the device is suitable for AV-amp, AV recorder and musical instruments. The AK5385A is available in 28pin VSOP and SOP package, utilizing less board space.



Ordering Guide

| AK5385AVS | $-10 \sim +70^{\circ}C$ | 28pin SOP (1.27mm pitch) |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| AK5385AVF | $-40 \sim +85^{\circ}C$ | 28pin VSOP (0.65mm pitch) |
| AKD5385A | Evaluation Board for A | K5385A |

Pin Layout



■ Compatibility with AK5383/AK5394A

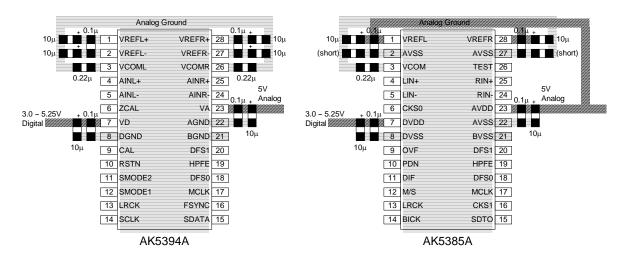
| | AK5385A | AK5383 | AK5394A |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Pin 1 | VREFL | VREFL | VREFL+ |
| Pin 2 | AVSS | GNDL | VREFL- |
| Pin 3 | VCOM | VCOML | VCOML |
| Pin 6 | CKS0 | ZCAL | ZCAL |
| Pin 9 | OVF | CAL | CAL |
| Pin 11 | DIF | SMODE2 | SMODE2 |
| Pin 12 | M/S | SMODE1 | SMODE1 |
| Pin 16 | CKS1 | FSYNC | FSYNC |
| Pin 18 | DFS0 | DFS | DFS0 |
| Pin 20 | DFS1 | TEST | DFS1 |
| Pin 26 | TEST | VCOMR | VCOMR |
| Pin 27 | AVSS | GNDR | VREFR- |
| Pin 28 | VREFR | VREFR | VREFR+ |
| fs | 8kHz ~ 216kHz | 1kHz ~ 108kHz | 1kHz ~ 216kHz |
| MCLK at 48kHz | 256/384/512fs | 256fs | 256fs |
| MCLK at 96kHz | 256fs | 128fs | 128fs |
| MCLK at 192kHz | 128fs | Not Available | 64fs |
| DR, S/N | 114dB | 110dB | 123dB |
| Input Voltage | ±2.9Vpp | ±2.45Vpp | ±2.4Vpp |
| Offset Calibration | Not Available | Available | Available |

■ Compare PCB layout example between AK5385A and AK5383

| | Analog Ground | | | Analog Ground | |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| 10µ + 0.1µ 10µ — 1 | VREFL VREFR | 0.1μ + 28 μ 10μ | + 0.1μ 1 | VREFL VREFR | 0.1µ + 28 |
| 2 | GNDL GNDR | 27 | 10µ 🖬 📔 🛛 2 | AVSS AVSS | 27 🔳 🔳 ^{10μ} |
| 3 | VCOML VCOMR | | 3 | VCOM TEST | 27 ■ ■ 10μ 26 25 5∨ |
| 0.22µ 4 | AINL+ AINR+ | | 0.22µ 4 | LIN+ RIN+ | 25 |
| 5 | AINL- AINR- | 24 0.1µ + Analog | 5 | LIN- RIN- | 24 0.1µ + Analog |
| 3.0 ~ 5.25V + 0.1µ | ZCAL VA | 23 | 3.0 ~ 5.25V + 0.1μ | CKS0 AVDD | 23 |
| Digital | VD AGND | | Digital | DVDD AVSS | |
| 8 | DGND BGND | 21 10μ | | DVSS BVSS | 21 10μ |
| 10µ 9 | CAL TEST | 20 | 10µ 9 | OVF DFS1 | 20 |
| 10 | RSTN HPFE | 19 | 10 | PDN HPFE | 19 |
| 11 | SMODE2 DFS | 18 | 11 | DIF DFS0 | 18 |
| 12 | SMODE1 MCLK | 17 | 12 | M/S MCLK | 17 |
| 13 | LRCK FSYNC | 16 | 13 | LRCK CKS1 | 16 |
| 14 | SCLK SDATA | 15 | 14 | BICK SDTO | 15 |
| | AK5383 | - | | AK5385A | |

| Pin # | AK5383 | AK5385A |
|-------|---|---|
| | VREFL | VREFL |
| 1 | Lch Voltage Reference Output Pin, 3.75V | Lch Voltage Reference Input Pin, AVDD |
| 1 | Normally, connected to GNDL with a 10µF | Normally, connected to AVSS with a 10µF |
| | electrolytic capacitor and a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor. | electrolytic capacitor and a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor. |
| | ZCAL | CKS0 |
| 6 | Zero Calibration Control Pin | Master Clock Select 0 Pin |
| | This pin controls the calibration reference signal. | (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. 100kΩ) |
| 9 | CAL | OVF |
| 9 | Calibration Active Signal Pin | Analog Input Overflow Detect Pin |
| 11 | SMODE2 | DIF |
| 11 | Serial Interface Mode Select Pin | Audio Interface Format Pin |
| 12 | SMODE1 | M/S |
| 12 | Serial Interface Mode Select Pin | Master / Slave Mode Pin |
| | FSYNC | CKS1 |
| 16 | Frame Synchronization Signal Pin | Master Clock Select 1 Pin |
| | | (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ.100kΩ) |
| 18 | DFS | DFS0 |
| 10 | Double Speed Sampling Mode Pin | Sampling Speed Select 0 Pin |
| 20 | TEST | DFS1 |
| 20 | Test Pin (Internal Pull-down Pin) | Sampling Speed Select 1 Pin |
| 26 | VCOMR | TEST |
| 20 | Rch Common Voltage Pin, 2.75V | Test Pin (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. $100k\Omega$) |
| | VREFR | VREFR |
| 28 | Rch Voltage Reference Output Pin, 3.75V | Rch Voltage Reference Input Pin, AVDD |
| 20 | Normally, connected to GNDL with a 10µF | Normally, connected to AVSS with a 10µF |
| | electrolytic capacitor and a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor. | electrolytic capacitor and a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor. |

■ Compare PCB layout example between AK5385A and AK5394A



| Pin # | AK5394A | AK5385A |
|-------|---|---|
| | VREFL+ | VREFL |
| | Lch Positive Voltage Reference Output Pin, 3.75V | Lch Voltage Reference Input Pin, AVDD |
| 1 | Normally connected to AGND with a large | Normally, connected to AVSS with a 10µF |
| | electrolytic capacitor and connected to VREFL- | electrolytic capacitor and a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor. |
| | with a 0.22µF ceramic capacitor. | |
| | VREFL- | AVSS |
| | Lch Negative Voltage Reference Output Pin, 1.25V | Analog Ground Pin |
| 2 | Normally connected to AGND with a large | |
| | electrolytic capacitor and connected to VREFL+ | |
| | with a 0.22µF ceramic capacitor. | |
| | ZCAL | CKS0 |
| 6 | Zero Calibration Control Pin | Master Clock Select 0 Pin |
| | This pin controls the calibration reference signal. | (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. 100kΩ) |
| 9 | CAL | OVF |
| | Calibration Active Signal Pin | Analog Input Overflow Detect Pin |
| 11 | SMODE2 | DIF |
| | Serial Interface Mode Select Pin | Audio Interface Format Pin |
| 12 | SMODE1 | M/S |
| | Serial Interface Mode Select Pin | Master / Slave Mode Pin |
| | FSYNC | CKS1 |
| 16 | Frame Synchronization Signal Pin | Master Clock Select 1 Pin |
| | | (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. 100kΩ) |
| | VREFR- | AVSS |
| | Rch Negative Voltage Reference Output Pin, 1.25V | Analog Ground Pin |
| 27 | Normally connected to AGND with a large | |
| | electrolytic capacitor and connected to VREFR+ | |
| | with a 0.22µF ceramic capacitor. | |
| 26 | VCOMR | TEST |
| | Rch Common Voltage Pin, 2.75V | Test Pin (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. $100k\Omega$) |
| | VREFR+ | VREFR |
| | Rch Positive Reference Output Voltage, 3.75V | Rch Voltage Reference Input Pin, AVDD |
| 28 | Normally connected to AGND with a large | Normally, connected to AVSS with a $10\mu F$ |
| | electrolytic capacitor and connected to VREFR- | electrolytic capacitor and a $0.1 \mu F$ ceramic capacitor. |
| | with a $0.22\mu F$ ceramic capacitor. | |

PIN / FUNCTION

| No. | Pin Name | I/O | Function | | | |
|-----|----------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Lch Voltage Reference Input Pin, AVDD | | | |
| 1 | VREFL | Ι | Normally, connected to AVSS with a 10µF electrolytic capacitor and a 0.1µF | | | |
| | | | ceramic capacitor. | | | |
| 2 | AVSS | - | Analog Ground Pin | | | |
| 3 | VCOM | 0 | Common Voltage Output Pin, AVDD/2 | | | |
| 4 | LIN+ | Ι | Lch Analog Positive Input Pin | | | |
| 5 | LIN- | Ι | Lch Analog Negative Input Pin | | | |
| 6 | CKS0 | Ι | Master Clock Select 0 Pin (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. 100kΩ) | | | |
| 7 | DVDD | - | Digital Power Supply Pin, 3.0 ~ 5.25V | | | |
| 8 | DVSS | - | Digital Ground Pin | | | |
| 0 | 0.115 | 0 | Analog Input Overflow Detect Pin | | | |
| 9 | OVF | 0 | This pin goes to "H" if analog input overflows. | | | |
| 10 | DDN | т | Power Down Mode Pin | | | |
| 10 | PDN | Ι | "H": Power up, "L": Power down | | | |
| 11 | DIE | т | Audio Interface Format Pin | | | |
| 11 | DIF | Ι | "H" : 24bit I ² S Compatible, "L" : 24bit MSB justified | | | |
| 10 | M/S | т | Master / Slave Mode Pin | | | |
| 12 | M/S | Ι | "H" : Master Mode, "L" : Slave Mode | | | |
| 12 | LDCV | I/O | Output Channel Clock Pin | | | |
| 13 | LRCK | I/O | "L" Output in Master Mode at Power-down mode. | | | |
| 14 | BICK | I/O | Audio Serial Data Clock Pin | | | |
| 14 | DICK | 1/0 | "L" Output in Master Mode at Power-down mode. | | | |
| 15 | SDTO | 0 | Audio Serial Data Output Pin | | | |
| 15 | 3010 | 0 | "L" Output at Power-down mode. | | | |
| 16 | CKS1 | Ι | Master Clock Select 1 Pin(Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. 100kΩ) | | | |
| 17 | MCLK | Ι | Master Clock Input Pin | | | |
| 18 | DFS0 | Ι | Sampling Speed Select 0 Pin | | | |
| 19 | HPFE | Ι | High Pass Filter Enable Pin | | | |
| 17 | 11112 | 1 | "H" : Enable, "L" : Disable | | | |
| 20 | DFS1 | Ι | Sampling Speed Select 1 Pin | | | |
| 21 | BVSS | - | Substrate Ground Pin | | | |
| 22 | AVSS | - | Analog Ground Pin | | | |
| 23 | AVDD | - | Analog Power Supply Pin, 4.75 ~ 5.25V | | | |
| 24 | RIN- | Ι | Rch Analog Negative Input Pin | | | |
| 25 | RIN+ | Ι | Rch Analog Positive Input Pin | | | |
| 26 | TEST | Ι | Test Pin (Internal Pull-down Pin, typ. 100kΩ) | | | |
| 27 | AVSS | - | Analog Ground Pin | | | |
| | | | Rch Voltage Reference Input Pin, AVDD | | | |
| 28 | VREFR | Ι | Normally, connected to AVSS with a 10μ F electrolytic capacitor and a 0.1μ F | | | |
| | | | ceramic capacitor. | | | |

Note: All digital input pins except pull-down pins should not be left floating.

Handling of Unused Pin

The unused I/O pins should be processed appropriately as below.

| Classification | Pin Name | Setting |
|----------------|---|---|
| | on Pin Name LIN+, LIN- RIN+, RIN- VREFL, VREFR OVF TEST | These pins should be connected to AVSS. |
| Analog | RIN+, RIN- | These pins should be connected to AVSS. |
| - | VREFL, VREFR | These pins should be connected to AVDD. |
| Digital | OVF | This pin should be open. |
| Digitai | TEST | This pin should be connected to DVSS. |

| | ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------|------|------|----------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| (AVSS, BVSS, DVSS=0V; Note 1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | Parameter | | | min | max | Units | | | | |
| Power Supplies: | Power Supplies: Analog | | | -0.3 | 6.0 | V | | | | |
| | Digital | | DVDD | -0.3 | 6.0 | V | | | | |
| | BVSS - DVSS | (Note 2) | ∆GND | - | 0.3 | V | | | | |
| Input Current, Any F | in Except Supplies | | IIN | - | ±10 mA | | | | | |
| Analog Input Voltag | e (LIN+/-, RIN+/-, V | /REFL/R pins) | VINA | -0.3 | AVDD+0.3 | V | | | | |
| Digital Input Voltage | e (All digital input pir | ns) | VIND | -0.3 | DVDD+0.3 | V | | | | |
| Ambient Temperature (Power applied) 28SOP Package | | Та | -10 | 70 | °C | | | | | |
| | | 28VSOP Package | Та | -40 | 85 | °C | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | | | Tstg | -65 | 150 | °C | | | | |

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

Note 2. AVSS BVSS, and DVSS must be connected to the same analog ground plane.

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may result in permanent damage to the device. Normal operation is not guaranteed at these extremes.

| | RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|------|-----|------|-------|--|--|--|
| (AVSS, BVSS, DVSS=0V; Note 1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | | Symbol | min | typ | max | Units | | | |
| Power Supplies | Analog | AVDD | 4.75 | 5.0 | 5.25 | V | | | |
| (Note 3) | Digital | DVDD | 3.0 | 3.3 | AVDD | V | | | |
| Voltage Reference (| VREFL/R pins) | VREF | 3.0 | - | AVDD | V | | | |

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

Note 3. The power up sequence between AVDD and DVDD is not critical.

WARNING: AKM assumes no responsibility for the usage beyond the conditions in this datasheet.

ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C; AVDD=5.0V, DVDD=3.3V; AVSS=BVSS=DVSS=0V; VREFL=VREFR=AVDD; fs=48kHz, 96kHz, 192kHz; BICK=64fs; Signal Frequency=1kHz; 24bit Data; Measurement frequency=20Hz ~ 20kHz at fs=48kHz, 40Hz ~ 40kHz at fs=96kHz, 40Hz ~ 40kHz at fs=192kHz; unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter | | | min | typ | max | Units | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|----------|----------|--|
| Analog Input Chara | acteristics: | | | | | | |
| Resolution | | | | | 24 | Bits | |
| Input Voltage | | (Note 4) | ±2.7 | ±2.9 | ±3.1 Vpp | | |
| S/(N+D) | | -1dBFS (Note 5) | - | 103 | | dB | |
| | fs=48kHz | -1dBFS | 92 | 100 | | dB | |
| | BW=20kHz | -20dBFS | - | 91 | | dB | |
| | | -60dBFS | - | 51 | | dB | |
| | fs=96kHz | -1dBFS | 90 | 98 | | dB | |
| | BW=40kHz | -20dBFS | - | 86 | | dB | |
| | Divitionite | -60dBFS | - | 46 | | dB | |
| | fs=192kHz | -1dBFS | - | 98 | | dB | |
| | BW=40kHz | -20dBFS | - | 86 | | dB | |
| BW-+6KHZ -60dBFS | | | - | 46 | | dB | |
| Dynamic Range | FS with A-weighted) | 107 | 114 | | dB | | |
| S/N | (A-weig | gnted) | <u>107</u> 9 | 114 | | dB | |
| Input Resistance Interchannel Isolation | | | <u> </u> | 13 | | kΩ dD | |
| Interchannel Gain Mi | | | 100 | - | 0.5 | dB dB | |
| | | (Nata 6) | | 0.1 | 0.5 | dB dB | |
| Power Supply Reject | 1011 | (Note 6) | | 50 | - | uв | |
| Power Supplies | | | | 1 | | 1 | |
| Power Supply Currer | nt | | | | | | |
| Normal Operat | tion (PDN pin = "H | I") | | | | | |
| AVDD | | | | 30 | 45 | mA | |
| DVDD | (fs=48kHz | z) | | 10 | 15 | mA | |
| DVDD | (fs=96kH | z) | | 17 | 25 | mA | |
| DVDD | (fs=192kH | , | | 20 | 30 | mA | |
| | node (PDN pin = "I | , | | 20 | 50 | | |
| | · • | | | 10 | 100 | | |
| AVDD+ | עעיע | | | 10 | 100 | μΑ | |

Note 4. This value is (LIN+)-(LIN-) and (RIN+)-(RIN-). Input voltage is proportional to VREF voltage. Vin = 0.58 x VREF (Vpp).

Note 5. 100μ F capacitors are connected between the VREFL/R pins and AVSS.

Note 6. PSR is applied to AVDD and DVDD with 1kHz, 20mVpp. The VREFL and VREFR pins held a constant voltage. Note 7. All digital input pins are held DVDD or DVSS.

| | FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs=48kHz) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------|------|--------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=4.75 ~ 5.25V; DVDD=3.0 ~ 5.25V; DFS1 = "L", DFS0 = "L") | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | | | Symbol | min | typ | max | Units | | | |
| ADC Digital Filter (Decimation LPF): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Passband | (Note 8) | -0.005dB | PB | 0 | | 21.5 | kHz | | | |
| | | -0.02dB | | - | 22.038 | - | kHz | | | |
| | | -0.06dB | | - | 22.2 | - | kHz | | | |
| | | -6.0dB | | - | 24.0 | - | kHz | | | |
| Stopband | | | SB | 26.5 | | | kHz | | | |
| Passband Ripple | 2 | | PR | | | ±0.005 | dB | | | |
| Stopband Attenu | uation | | SA | 100 | | | dB | | | |
| Group Delay | | (Note 9) | GD | | 43.2 | | 1/fs | | | |
| Group Delay Di | stortion | | ΔGD | | 0 | | μs | | | |
| ADC Digital Fi | lter (HPF): | | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency Resp | onse (Note 8) | -3dB | FR | | 1.0 | | Hz | | | |
| | | -0.1dB | | | 6.5 | | Hz | | | |

| | FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs=96kHz) | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------|------|--------|--------|-------|--|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=4.75 ~ 5.25V; DVDD=3.0 ~ 5.25V; DFS1 = "L", DFS0 = "H") | | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | Parameter | | | min | typ | max | Units | | |
| ADC Digital Filter | r (Decimation | n LPF): | | | | | | | |
| Passband | (Note 8) | -0.005dB | PB | 0 | | 43.0 | kHz | | |
| | | -0.02dB | | - | 44.081 | - | kHz | | |
| | | -0.06dB | | - | 44.5 | - | kHz | | |
| | | -6.0dB | | - | 48.0 | - | kHz | | |
| Stopband | | | SB | 53.0 | | | kHz | | |
| Passband Ripple | | | PR | | | ±0.005 | dB | | |
| Stopband Attenuati | on | | SA | 100 | | | dB | | |
| Group Delay | | (Note 9) | GD | | 43.1 | | 1/fs | | |
| Group Delay Disto | rtion | | ΔGD | | 0 | | μs | | |
| ADC Digital Filter | r (HPF): | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency Response | se (Note 8) | -3dB | FR | | 2.0 | | Hz | | |
| - • • | | -0.1dB | | | 13.0 | | Hz | | |

Note 8. The passband and stopband frequencies scale with fs. The reference frequency of these responses is 1kHz. Note 9. The calculated delay time induced by digital filtering. This time is from the input of an analog signal to the setting of 24bit data both channels to the ADC output register for ADC.

| FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs=192kHz) | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|------------|--------------|---------------|----------|--------|-------|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD | =4.75 ~ 5.25 | ; DVDD=3.0 | ~ 5.25V; DFS | 1 = "H", DFS(| 0 = "L") | | |
| Parameter | | | Symbol | min | typ | max | Units |
| ADC Digital Filte | er (Decimation | n LPF): | | | | | |
| Passband | (Note 8) | -0.005dB | PB | 0 | | 86.0 | kHz |
| | | -0.02dB | | - | 88.183 | - | kHz |
| | | -0.06dB | | - | 89.0 | - | kHz |
| | | -6.0dB | | - | 96.0 | - | kHz |
| Stopband | | | SB | 106.0 | | | kHz |
| Passband Ripple | | | PR | | | ±0.005 | dB |
| Stopband Attenua | tion | | SA | 100 | | | dB |
| Group Delay | | (Note 9) | GD | | 38.2 | | 1/fs |
| Group Delay Distortion | | ΔGD | | 0 | | μs | |
| ADC Digital Filte | er (HPF): | · | | | | | |
| Frequency Respor | se (Note 8) | -3dB | FR | | 4.0 | | Hz |
| | | -0.1dB | | | 26.0 | | Hz |

Note 8. The passband and stopband frequencies scale with fs. The reference frequency of these responses is 1kHz. Note 9. The calculated delay time induced by digital filtering. This time is from the input of an analog signal to the setting of 24bit data both channels to the ADC output register for ADC.

| DC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------|----------|-----|---------|-------|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=4.75 ~ 5.25V; DVDD=3.0 ~ 5.25V) | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | | Symbol | min | typ | Max | Units | |
| High-Level Input Voltage | | VIH | 70%DVDD | - | - | V | |
| Low-Level Input Voltage | | VIL | - | - | 30%DVDD | V | |
| High-Level Output Voltage | (Iout=-400µA) | VOH | DVDD-0.4 | - | - | V | |
| Low-Level Output Voltage | (Iout=400µA) | VOL | - | - | 0.4 | V | |
| Input Leakage Current | (Note 10) | Iin | - | _ | ±10 | μΑ | |

Note 10. CKS1, CKS0 and TEST pins are internally connected to a pull-down resistor. (typ. 100kΩ)

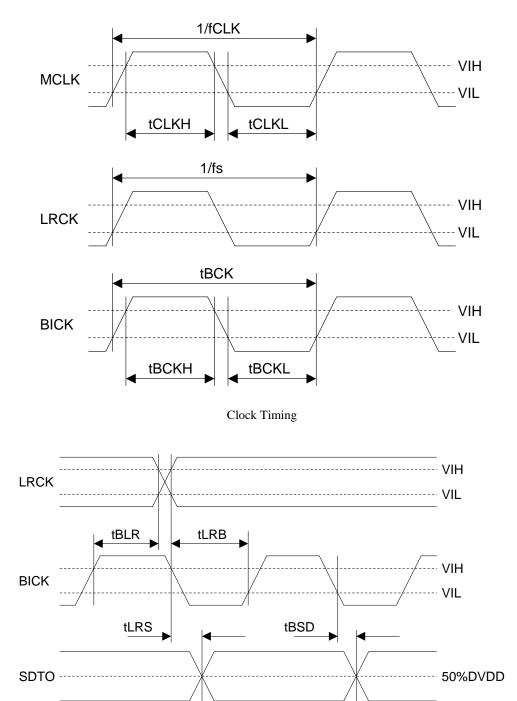
| SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|--------|----------|------|--------|-------|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=4.75 ~ 5.25V; DVDD=3.0 ~ 5.25V; C _L =20pF) | | | | | | | |
| Parameter | | Symbol | min | typ | max | Units | |
| Master Clock Timing | | | | | | | |
| Frequency | | fCLK | 2.048 | | 27.648 | MHz | |
| Pulse Width Low | | tCLKL | 14.5 | | | ns | |
| Pulse Width High | | tCLKH | 14.5 | | | ns | |
| LRCK Frequency | | | | | | | |
| Normal Speed Mode | | fsn | 8 | | 54 | kHz | |
| Double Speed Mode | | fsd | 54 | | 108 | kHz | |
| Quad Speed Mode | | fsq | 108 | | 216 | kHz | |
| Duty Cycle Slave mode | | | 45 | | 55 | % | |
| Master mode | | | | 50 | | % | |
| Audio Interface Timing | | | | | | | |
| Slave mode | | | | | | | |
| BICK Period | | | | | | | |
| Normal Speed Mode | | tBCK | 1/128fsn | | | ns | |
| Double Speed Mode | | tBCK | 1/64fsd | | | ns | |
| Quad Speed Mode | | tBCK | 1/64fsq | | | ns | |
| BICK Pulse Width Low | | tBCKL | 33 | | | ns | |
| Pulse Width High | | tBCKH | 33 | | | ns | |
| e | Note 11) | tLRB | 20 | | | ns | |
| e | Note 11) | tBLR | 20 | | | ns | |
| LRCK to SDTO (MSB) (Except I^2 | S mode) | tLRS | | | 20 | ns | |
| BICK "↓" to SDTO | | tBSD | | | 20 | ns | |
| Master mode | | | | | | | |
| BICK Frequency | | fBCK | | 64fs | | Hz | |
| BICK Duty | | dBCK | | 50 | | % | |
| BICK "↓" to LRCK | | tMBLR | -20 | | 20 | ns | |
| BICK " \downarrow " to SDTO | | tBSD | -20 | | 20 | ns | |
| Reset Timing | | | | | | | |
| | Note 12) | tPD | 150 | | | ns | |
| PDN "↑" to SDTO valid (1 | Note 13) | tPDV | | 516 | | 1/fs | |

Note 11. BICK rising edge must not occur at the same time as LRCK edge.

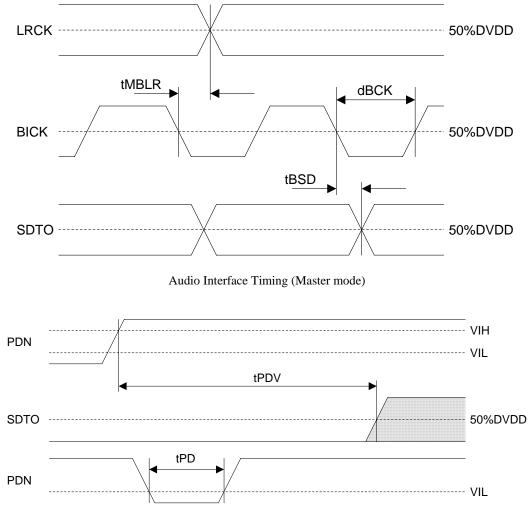
Note 12. The AK5385A can be reset by bringing the PDN pin = "L".

Note 13. This cycle is the number of LRCK rising edges from the PDN pin = "H". This value is in master mode This value is longer 1/fs in slave mode than master mode.

Timing Diagram



Audio Interface Timing (Slave mode)



Power Down & Reset Timing

OPERATION OVERVIEW

System Clock

MCLK (256fs/384fs/512fs), BICK (48fs~) and LRCK (fs) clocks are required in slave mode. The LRCK clock input must be synchronized with MCLK, however the phase is not critical. Table 1 shows the relationship of typical sampling frequency and the system clock frequency. MCLK frequency is selected by CKS1-0 pins as shown in Table 2 and LRCK frequency is selected by DFS1-0 pins as shown in Table 3.

As the AK5385A includes the phase detect circuit for LRCK, the AK5385A is reset automatically when the synchronization is out of phase by changing the clock frequencies.

All external clocks (MCLK, BICK and LRCK) must be present unless PDN pin = "L". If these clocks are not provided, the AK5385A may draw excess current due to its use of internal dynamically refreshed logic. If the external clocks are not present, place the AK5385A in power-down mode (PDN pin = "L"). In master mode, the master clock (MCLK) must be provided unless PDN pin = "L".

| fs | MCLK | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| 18 | 128fs | 256fs | 384fs | 512fs | | |
| 32kHz | N/A | 8.192MHz | 12.288MHz | 16.384MHz | | |
| 44.1kHz | N/A | 11.2896MHz | 16.9344MHz | 22.5792MHz | | |
| 48kHz | N/A | 12.288MHz | 18.432MHz | 24.576MHz | | |
| 96kHz | N/A | 24.576MHz | N/A | N/A | | |
| 192kHz | 24.576MHz | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |

| CKS1 pin | CKS0 pin | MCLK Frequency | |
|----------|----------|----------------|--|
| L | L | 256fs | |
| L | Н | 128fs | |
| Н | L | 512fs | |
| Н | Н | 384fs | |
| | | | |

| DFS1 pin | DFS0 pin | LRCK Frequency | | |
|----------|--------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| L | L | 8 kHz \leq fs \leq 54kHz | | |
| L | Н | 54 kHz < fs ≤ 108 kHz | | |
| Н | L | 108 kHz < fs ≤ 216 kHz | | |
| H H N/A | | | | |
| | Table 3 Same | ling Speed | | |

Table 2. MCLK Frequency

Table 3. Sampling Speed

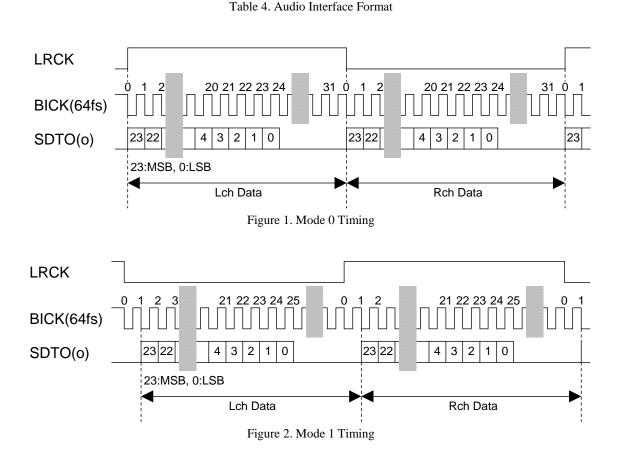
When changing MCLK frequency in master/slave mode, the AK5385A should reset by PDN pin = "L". (ex. 12.288MHz(@fs=48kHz) to 24.576MHz(@fs=96kHz) at CKS1 pin = CKS0 pin = "L".

If the CKS1-0 and DFS1-0 pins are changed with same MCLK frequency in master/slave mode (ex. MCLK is fixed to 24.576MHz and fs is changed from 48kHz (CKS1 pin = "L", CKS0 pin = "L") to 96kHz (CKS1 pin = "L", CKS0 pin = "H")), no reset by PDN pin = "L" is required.

■ Audio Interface Format

Two kinds of data formats can be chosen with the DIF pin (Table 4). In both modes, the serial data is in MSB first, 2's compliment format. The SDTO is clocked out on the falling edge of BICK. The audio interface supports both master and slave modes. In master mode, BICK and LRCK are output with the BICK frequency fixed to 64fs and the LRCK frequency fixed to 1fs.

| Mode | DIF pin | SDTO | LRCK | BICK | Figure |
|------|---------|------------------------------------|------|--------------|----------|
| 0 | L | 24bit, MSB justified | H/L | \geq 48fs | Figure 1 |
| 1 | Н | 24bit, I ² S Compatible | L/H | $\geq 48 fs$ | Figure 2 |



Master Mode and Slave Mode

The M/S pin selects either master or slave modes. M/S pin = "H" selects master mode and "L" selects slave mode. The AK5385A outputs BICK and LRCK in master mode. In slave mode, provide MCLK, BICK and LRCK.

| M/S pin | Mode | BICK, LRCK |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| L | Slave Mode | BICK = Input LRCK = Input |
| Н | Master Mode | BICK = Output LRCK = Output |

Table 5. Master mode/Slave mode

Digital High Pass Filter

The ADC has a digital high pass filter for DC offset cancellation. The cut-off frequency of the HPF is 1.0Hz (@fs=48kHz) and scales with sampling rate (fs).

HPF is controlled by HPFE pin. If HPF setting (ON/OFF) is changed at operating, click noise occurs by changing DC offset. It is recommended that HPF setting is changed at PDN pin = "L".

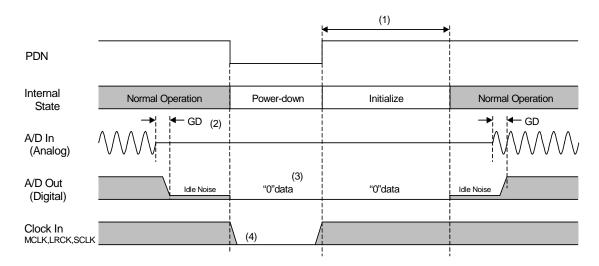
Overflow Detection

The AK5385A has overflow detect function for analog input. OVF pin goes to "H" if Lch or Rch overflows (more than -0.3dBFS). OVF output for overflowed analog input has the same group delay as ADC (GD=43.2/fs=0.9ms@fs=48kHz). OVF is "L" for 516/fs (=10.75ms@fs=48kHz) after PDN pin = " \uparrow ", and then overflow detection is enabled.

Power Down and Reset

The AK5385A is placed in the power-down mode by bringing PDN pin "L" and the digital filter is also reset at the same time. This reset should always be done after power-up. In the power-down mode, the VCOM is AGND level. An analog initialization cycle starts after exiting the power-down mode. Therefore, the output data SDTO becomes available after 516 cycles of LRCK clock in master mode (517 cycles in slave mode). During initialization, the ADC digital data outputs of both channels are forced to "0". The ADC outputs settle in the data corresponding to the input signals after the end of initialization (Settling approximately takes the group delay time).

The AK5385A should be reset once by bringing PDN pin "L" after power-up. The internal timing starts clocking by the rising edge (falling edge at Mode 1) of LRCK after exiting from reset and power down state by MCLK.



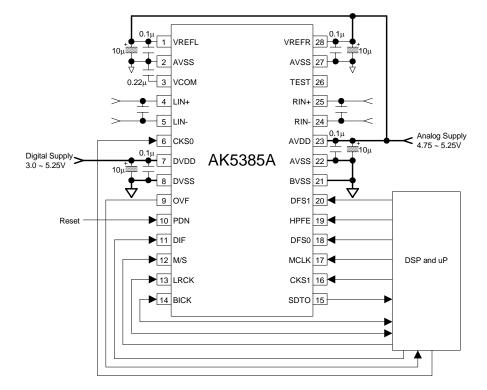
Notes:

- (1) 517/fs in slave mode and 516/fs in master mode.
- (2) Digital output corresponding to analog input has the group delay (GD).
- (3) A/D output is "0" data at the power-down state.
- (4) When the external clocks (MCLK, SCLK, LRCK) are stopped, the AK5385A should be in the power-down state.

Figure 3. Power-down/up sequence example

SYSTEM DESIGN

Figure 4 shows the system connection diagram. An evaluation board is available which demonstrates application circuits, the optimum layout, power supply arrangements and measurement results.



Note:

- AVSS, BVSS and DVSS of the AK5385A should be distributed separately from the ground of external digital devices (MPU, DSP etc.).
- All input pins except pull-down (CKS0, CKS1 and TEST pin) pin should not be left floating.

Figure 4. Typical Connection Diagram

Figure 5. Ground Layout

Note:

- AVSS BVSS, and DVSS must be connected to the same analog ground plane.

1. Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling

The AK5385A requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements. Alternatively if AVDD and DVDD are supplied separately, the power up sequence is not critical. **AVSS, BVSS and DVSS of the AK5385A must be connected to analog ground plane.** System analog ground and digital ground should be connected together near to where the supplies are brought onto the printed circuit board. Decoupling capacitors should be as near to the AK5385A as possible, with the small value ceramic capacitor being the nearest.

2. Voltage Reference Inputs

The reference voltage for A/D converter is supplied from VREFL/R pins at AVSS reference. AVSS pin is connected to analog ground and an electrolytic capacitor over 10μ F parallel with a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor between the VREFL/R pins and the AVSS pin eliminate the effects of high frequency noise. Especially, a ceramic capacitor should be as near to the pins as possible. And all digital signals, especially clocks, should be kept away from the VREFL/R pins in order to avoid unwanted coupling into the AK5385A. No load current may be taken from the VREFL/R pins.

VCOM is a signal ground of this chip. An electrolytic capacitor 0.22µF attached to VCOM pin eliminates the effects of high frequency noise. No load current may be drawn from the VCOM pin. All signals, especially clocks, should be kept away from the VCOM pin in order to avoid unwanted coupling into the AK5385A.

3. Analog Inputs

Analog signal is differentially input into the modulator via the LIN+ (RIN+) and the LIN- (RIN-) pins. The input voltage is the difference between the LIN+ (RIN+) and LIN- (RIN-) pins. The full scale of each pin is nominally ± 2.9 Vpp(typ). The AK5385A can accept input voltages from AVSS to AVDD. The ADC output data format is 2's compliment. The internal HPF removes the DC offset.

The AK5385A samples the analog inputs at 128fs (6.144MHz@fs=48kHz, Normal Speed Mode). The digital filter rejects noise above the stop band except for multiples of 128fs. The AK5385A includes an anti-aliasing filter (RC filter) to attenuate a noise around 128fs.

The AK5385A accepts +5V supply voltage. Any voltage which exceeds the upper limit of AVDD+0.3V and lower limit of AVSS-0.3V and any current beyond 10mA for the analog input pins (LIN+/-, RIN+/-) should be avoided. Excessive currents to the input pins may damage the device. Hence input pins must be protected from signals at or beyond these limits. Use caution specially in case of using $\pm 15V$ in other analog circuits.

4. External Analog Circuit Examples

Figure 6 shows an input buffer circuit example 1. This is a full-differential input buffer circuit with an inverted-amp (gain: -10dB). The capacitor of 10nF between LIN+/- (RIN+/-) decreases the clock feed through noise of modulator, and composes a 1st order LPF (fc=360kHz) with 22 Ω resistor before the capacitor. This circuit also has a 1st order LPF (fc=370kHz) composed of op-amp. The evaluation board should be referred about the detail.

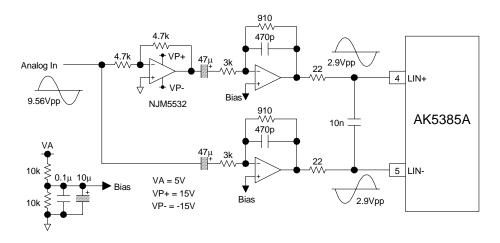
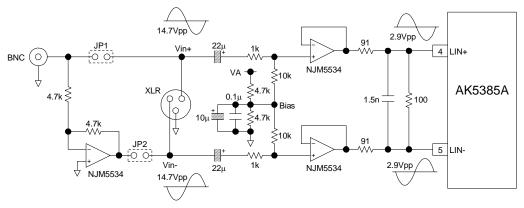


Figure 6.Input Buffer example

Figure 7 shows an input buffer circuit example 2. (1st order HPF: fc=0.66Hz, Table 6; 1st order LPF: fc=590kHz, gain=-14dB, Table 7). The analog signal is able to input through XLR or BNC connectors. (short JP1 and JP2 for BNC input, open JP1 and JP2 for XLR input). The input level of this circuit is +/-14.7Vpp.



| Figure | 7.Input | Buffer | example |
|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | | | |

| fin | 1H | Iz 1 | 0Hz | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|---------|----------|--|--|
| Frequency Res | ponse –1.5 | 6dB –0. | .02dB | | |
| Table 6. Frequency Response of HPF | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| fin | 20kHz | 40kHz | 6.144MHz | | |
| Frequency Response | -0.005dB | -0.02dB | -15.6dB | | |

Table 7. Frequency Response of LPF

5. Measurement Example

Figure 8 shows the S/(N+D) vs. VREF capacitor that is connected between VREFL/R pins and AVSS pin with the 0.1μ F capacitor in parallel. X-AXIS is the capacity for VREF; Y-AXIS is S/(N+D).

[Measurement Condition]

- AVDD = 5.0V, DVDD = 3.3V; AVSS = BVSS = DVSS = 0V
- fs = 48kHz
- Measurement Bandwidth = 10Hz ~ 20kHz
- Ta = $25^{\circ}C$
- Using Audio Precision System Two Cascade

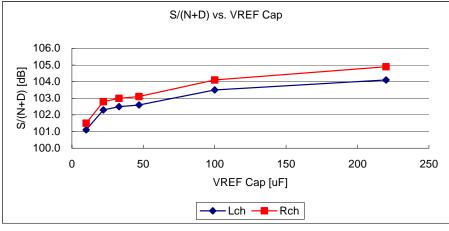


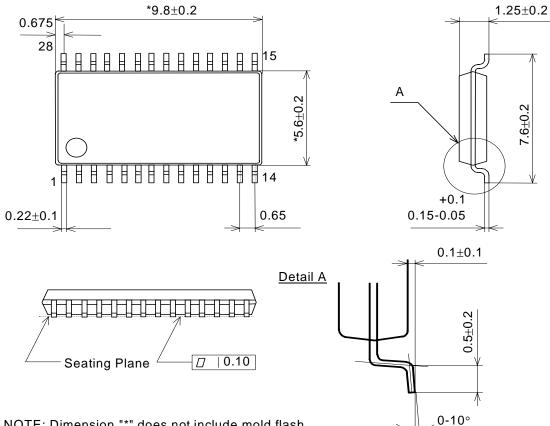
Figure 8. S/(N+D) vs. VREF Cap

6. Synchronization of Multiple Devices

In system where multiple ADCs are required, care must be taken to achieve simultaneous sampling. To ensure synchronous sampling, the MCLK and LRCK must be the same for all of the AK5385As in the system. The all AK5385As should be reset at the same timing with preventing the reset signal for AK5385A from overlapping on the edge of MCLK, so that all AK5385As begin sampling on the same clock edge.

PACKAGE (AK5385AVF)

28pin VSOP (Unit: mm)



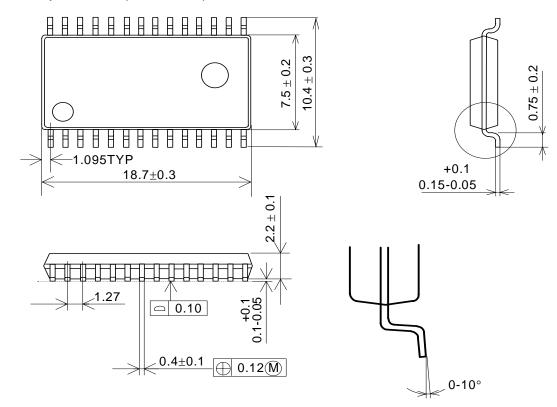
NOTE: Dimension "*" does not include mold flash.

Material & Lead finish

Package molding compound: Epoxy Lead frame material: Cu Lead frame surface treatment: Solder (Pb free) plate

PACKAGE (AK5385AVS)

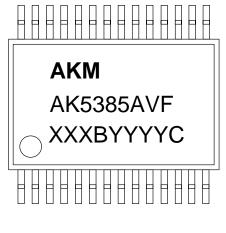
28pin SOP (Unit: mm)



■ Material & Lead finish

| Package molding compound: | Epoxy |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Lead frame material: | Cu |
| Lead frame surface treatment: | Solder (Pb free) plate |

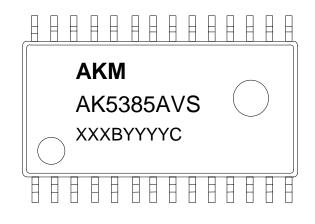
MARKING (AK5385AVF)

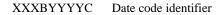


XXXBYYYYC Date code identifier

XXXB :Lot number (X : Digit number, B : Alpha character) YYYYC : Assembly date (Y : Digit number, C : Alpha character)

MARKING (AK5385AVS)





XXXB :Lot number (X : Digit number, B : Alpha character) YYYYC : Assembly date (Y : Digit number, C : Alpha character)

| Revision History | | | | |
|------------------|----------|---------------|------|--|
| Date (YY/MM/DD) | Revision | Reason | Page | Contents |
| 03/09/25 | 00 | First Edition | | |
| 03/11/18 | 01 | Spec Change | 11 | SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS Master Clock Timing Pulse Width Low/High: 0.4/fCLK → 14.5ns |
| 05/03/30 | 02 | Error Correct | 4,5 | PCB layout example AK5385A: 11 pin; M/S \rightarrow DIF AK5385A: 12 pin; DIF \rightarrow M/S |

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